IST 659 Database Administration and

Database Management Concepts

Project Deliverable 1: Family Financial Database Concept

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**Summary:**

Management of my finances and accounts has been an actual issue for a long time. Providing my family's financial security is an important part of the financial planning process. Using non- customizable dashboards or financial statements from our bank was not adequate to track our expenditures. My objective is to create a customizable personal financial database that will allow the management of our family’s incomes and expenses effectively and efficiently.

Using extracts from our bank statements within the last 18 months, I will analyze the data to present an opportunity to improve financial decision marking by revealing saving option, unnecessary fees, and identify trends in spending habits.

**Stakeholders:**

The stakeholders included in this project are Gilbert and Jackielyn Guyah, our children, immediate family members and friends.

**Data Questions**

What is the average dollar amount per categories?

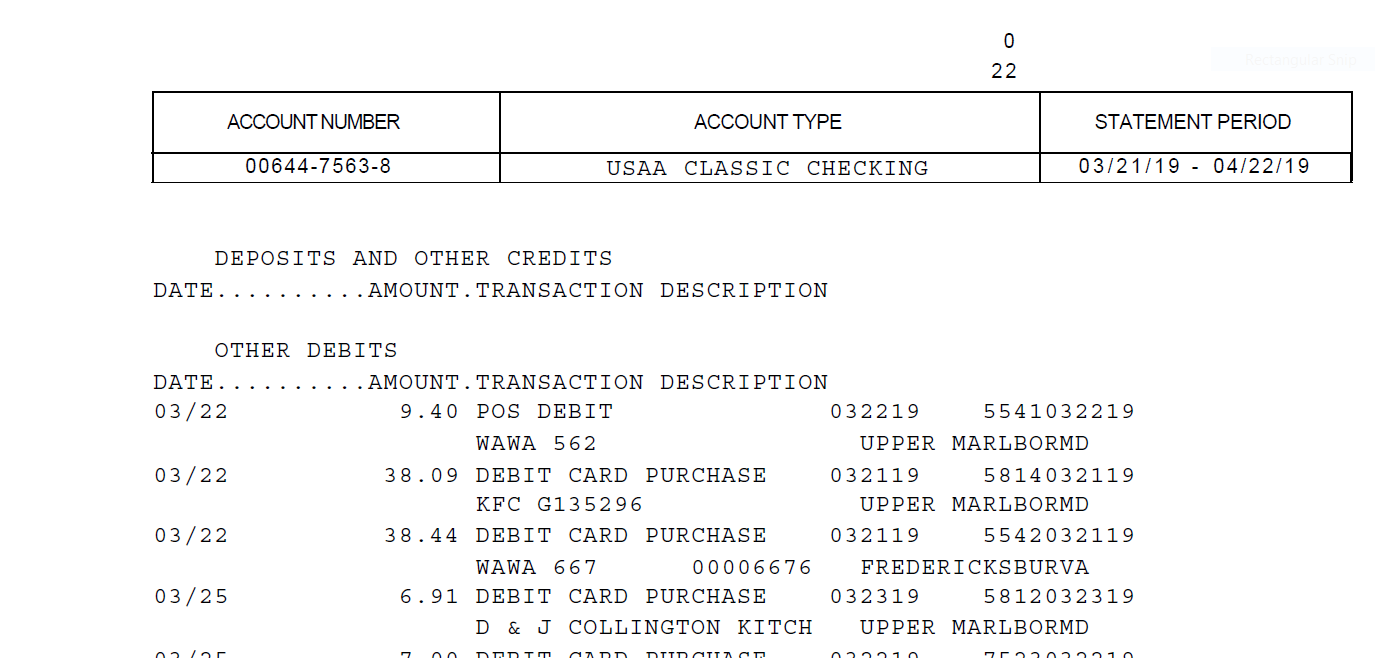
How many times of month do I transfer funds from my other accounts and how much $$$?

Where does I spend most of my money and on what?

What are my monthly debits and credits?

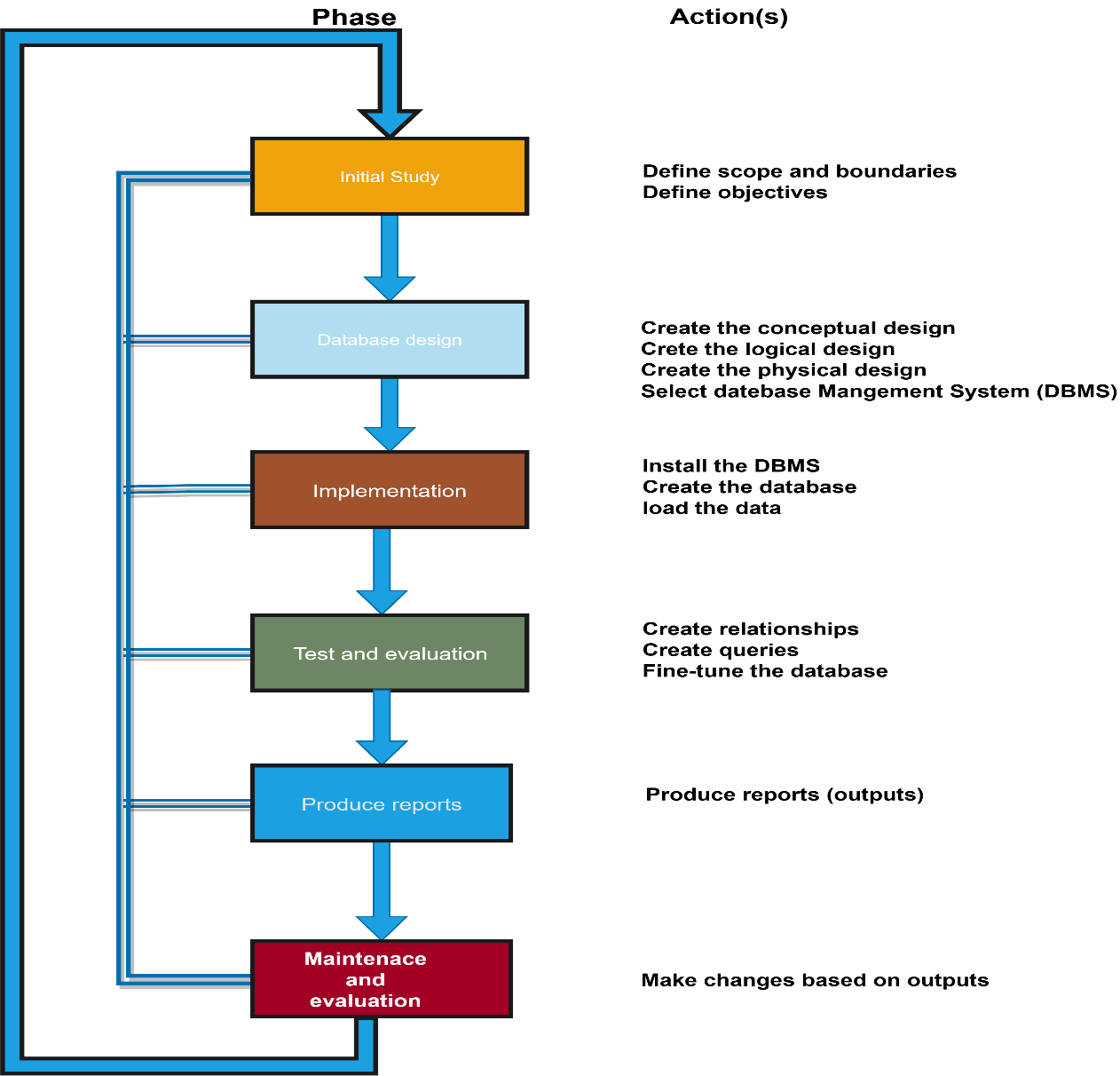
Where can I look for cost savings or avoidance?

**Sample Data Set**



**2. Database Design Phases:**

Designing the family’s financial database is the most important part of database development. A database design methodology is a structured approach that uses processes, procedures, techniques, tools, and documentation. Table 1 is the phrase approach containing the steps I used as a guide through the appropriate stages.



**Table 1 Design Phase**

**2.1 Constraints**

* Primary Key & Unique Constraints – enforce uniqueness of rows in a table
* Foreign Key Constraints – enforce Referential Integrity (“lookup” values)
* Data Types – enforce proper data type values (date, number, string, etc.)
* Nullability Constraints – determine whether a value is mandatory or not
* Cardinality Constraints – specifies then number of instances one entity can or must be associated with another

**2.2 Dependencies**

* Functional Dependency - a constraint between two attributes in which the value of one attribute is determined by the value of another attribute
* Partial Dependency - occurs when a non-prime attribute is functionally dependent on part of a candidate key.
* Multivalued dependency - occurs when there are more than one **independent** multivalued attributes in a table

**2.3** **Relationships between tables***:*

**Account type (**account number, **K) 1-M** **UserID (**account number, **FK)**

**UserID (**account number, **PK) 1-M** **Account Statement (**account number, **FK)**

**Transaction type (**transaction type, **PK) 1 -M Account Statement (**transaction type, **FK)**

**2.4 Tables (Entity and Attributes)**

Account (\*\*Account Number, \*\*Account type)

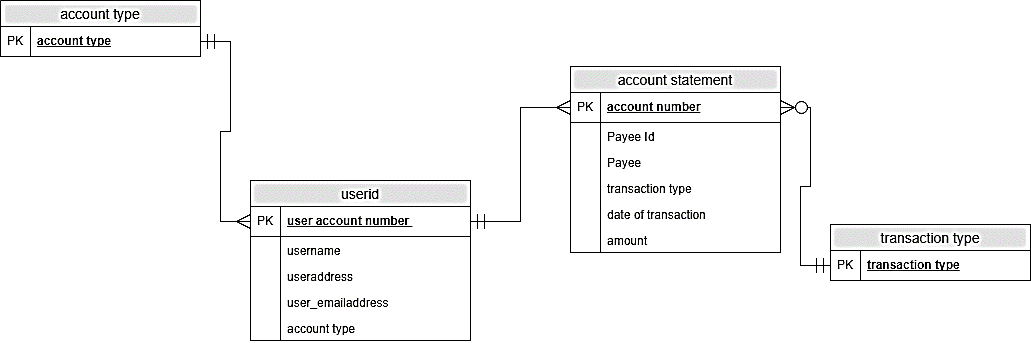
Users (UserID, \*\*Account Number, User Name, User Address, User email address, User \*\*Account type)

Account Bank Statement (\*\*Account number, PayeeId, Payee, \*\* transaction type, amount, transaction date)

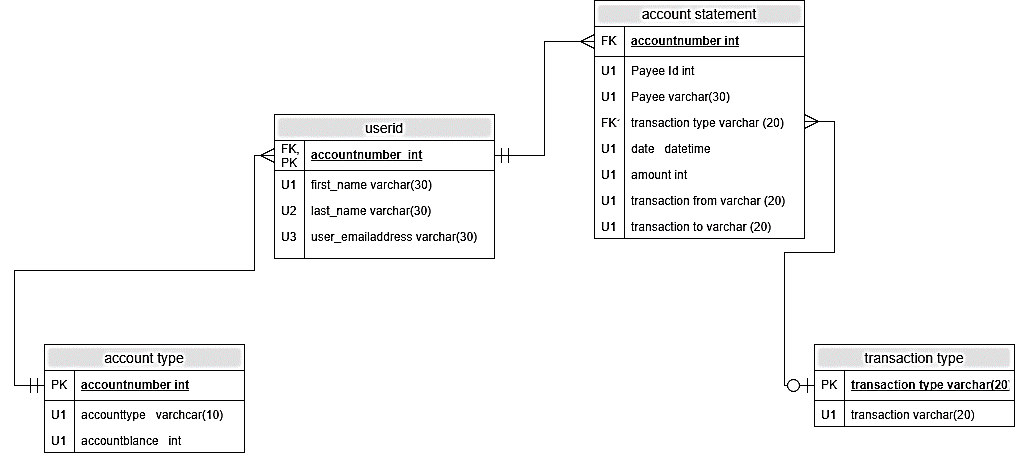
Transactions (\*\*transaction type)

**Note**: \*\* Primary Keys and Foreign Keys

**2.6** **Conceptual Model**

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**2.7** **Normalized Logical Model**

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**2.8 Physical Model**

--Creating Tables for Personal Finance Database

CREATE TABLE AccountNumber

(

AccountNumberID bigint identity primary key,

AccountType varchar(300) NOT NULL unique,

AccountOwnerFirstName varchar(300) NOT NULL,

AccountOwnerLasttName varchar(300) NOT NULL,

AccountOwnerEmailAddress varchar(300) NOT NULL,

CONSTRAINT U1\_AccountNumber UNIQUE (AccountType)

)

CREATE TABLE DepositTable (

DepositID bigint identity primary key,

DepositType varchar(300) NULL,

DepositFrom varchar(300) NULL,

DepositAmount Money NULL,

DepositDate Datetime NULL,

AccountNumberID bigint,

CONSTRAINT FK\_DepositTable FOREIGN KEY (AccountNumberID) REFERENCES AccountNumber(AccountNumberID)

)

CREATE TABLE MonthlyStatement (

TransactionNumber bigint identity primary key,

TransactionType varchar(300) NULL ,

TransactionDate bigint NULL,

TransactionPostedDate datetime NULL,

TransactionMonth varchar (300) NULL,

TransactionAmount bigint NULL,

Payee varchar(300) NULL,

PayeeCategory varchar(300) NULL,

PayeeCity varchar(300) NULL,

PayeeState varchar(300) NULL,

AccountNumberID bigint,

CONSTRAINT FK\_MonthlyStatement FOREIGN KEY (AccountNumberID) REFERENCES AccountNumber(AccountNumberID)

)

**3. Implementation: Using SQL Server Import and Export Wizard**

The execution was successful

- Initializing Data Flow Task (Success)

- Initializing Connections (Success)

- Setting SQL Command (Success)

- Setting Source Connection (Success)

- Setting Destination Connection (Success)

- Validating (Success)

Messages

\* Warning 0x80049304: Data Flow Task 1: Warning: Could not open global shared memory to communicate with performance DLL; data flow performance counters are not available. To resolve, run this package as an administrator, or on the system's console.

(SQL Server Import and Export Wizard)

- Prepare for Execute (Success)

- Pre-execute (Success)

- Executing (Success)

Messages

\* Information 0x402090df: Data Flow Task 1: The final commit for the data insertion in "Destination 2 - MonthlyStatement$" has started.

(SQL Server Import and Export Wizard)

\* Information 0x402090df: Data Flow Task 1: The final commit for the data insertion in "Destination 1 - DepositTable$" has started.

(SQL Server Import and Export Wizard)

\* Information 0x402090e0: Data Flow Task 1: The final commit for the data insertion in "Destination 1 - DepositTable$" has ended.

(SQL Server Import and Export Wizard)

\* Information 0x402090e0: Data Flow Task 1: The final commit for the data insertion in "Destination 2 - MonthlyStatement$" has ended.

(SQL Server Import and Export Wizard)

- Copying to [dbo].[DepositTable$] (Success)

\* 122 rows transferred

- Copying to [dbo].[MonthlyStatement$] (Success)

\* 505 rows transferred

- Post-execute (Success)

(SQL Server Import and Export Wizard)

\* Information 0x4004300b: Data Flow Task 1: "Destination 1 - DepositTable$" wrote 122 rows.

(SQL Server Import and Export Wizard)

\* Information 0x4004300b: Data Flow Task 1: "Destination 2 - MonthlyStatement$" wrote 505 rows.

(SQL Server Import and Export Wizard)

-- Load Data in Personal Finance Database Tables

SET IDENTITY\_INSERT dbo.AccountNumber ON

INSERT INTO AccountNumber (AccountNumberID, AccountType, AccountOwnerFirstName, AccountOwnerLasttName, AccountOwnerEmailAddress)

VALUES (0064475638, 'CHECKING','GILBERT','GUYAH','gilbertguyah@gmail.com');

SET IDENTITY\_INSERT dbo.AccountNumber OFF

SET IDENTITY\_INSERT dbo.DepositTable ON

INSERT INTO DepositTable (DepositID, DepositType, DepositFrom, DepositAmount,DepositDate,AccountNumberID)

SELECT DepositID, DepositType, DepositFrom, DepositAmount,DepositDate, AccountNumberID FROM DepositTable$

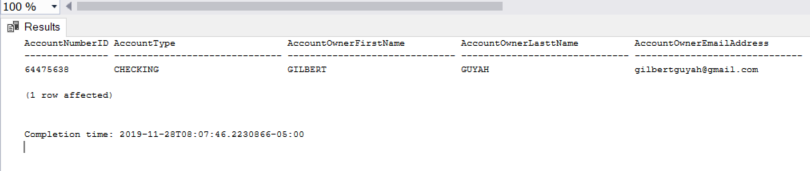
SET IDENTITY\_INSERT dbo.DepositTable OFF

SET IDENTITY\_INSERT dbo.MonthlyStatement ON

SELECT TransactionNumber, TransactionType, TransactionDate, TransactionPostedDate, TransactionMonth, TransactionAmount, Payee, PayeeCategory, PayeeCity,PayeeState, AccountNumberID FROM MonthlyStatement$

SET IDENTITY\_INSERT dbo.MonthlyStatement OFF

**4. Pilot Test and Evaluate**



SELECT

MonthlyStatement.TransactionMonth,

MonthlyStatement.PayeeCategory,

SUM(TransactionAmount) as Purchase

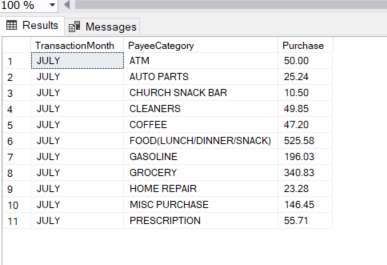
FROM MonthlyStatement

WHERE TransactionMonth = 'July'

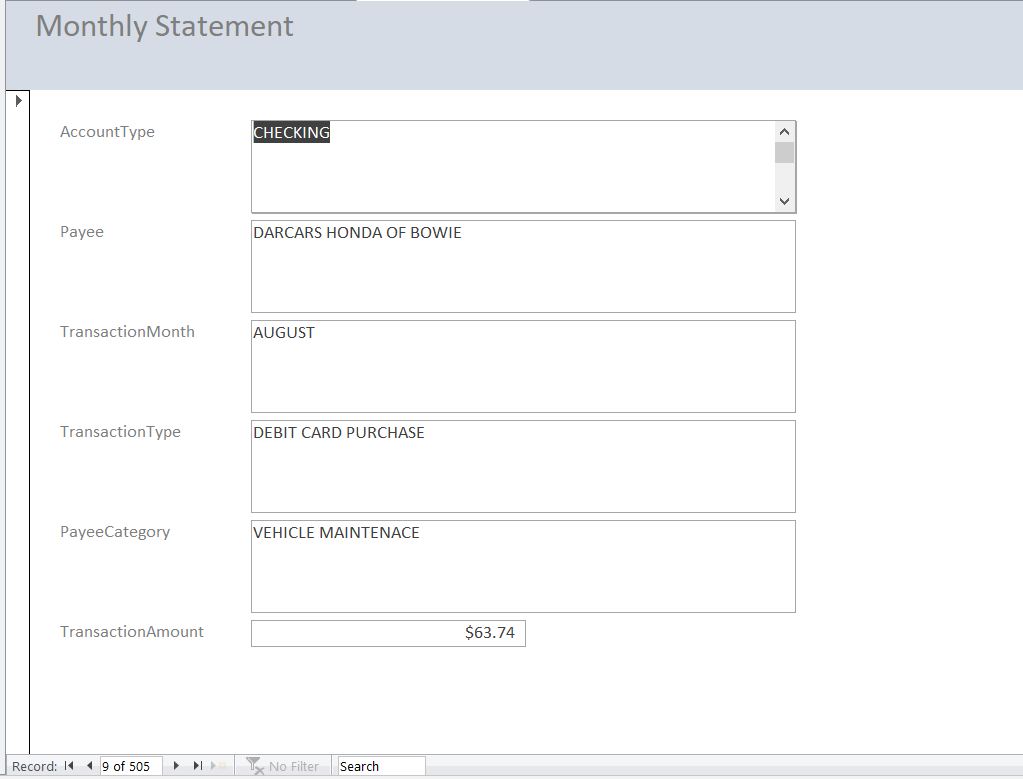
GROUP BY TransactionMonth,PayeeCategory

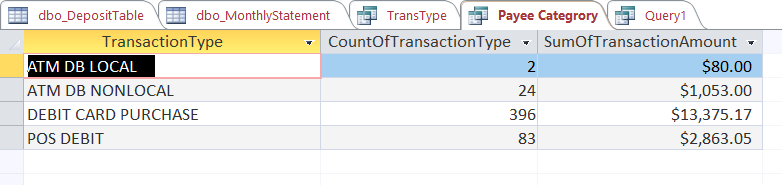
ORDER BY TransactionMonth DESC;

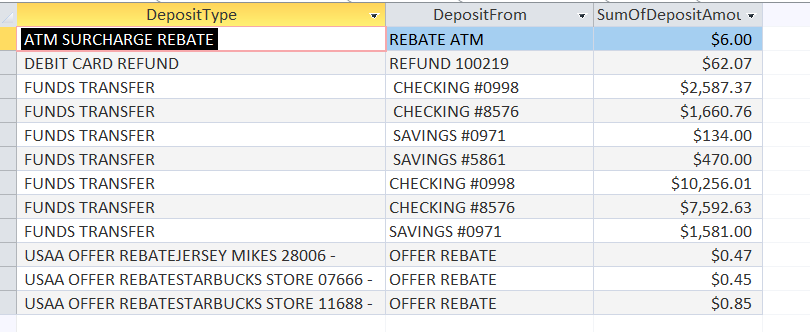
**Test Result:**



-- Creating a Graphical User Interface (GUI)

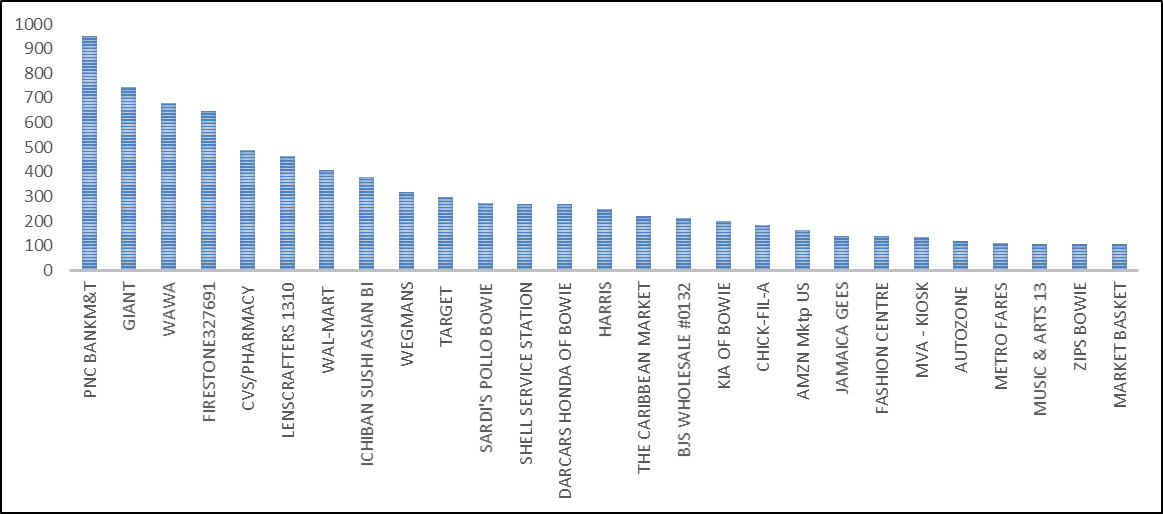




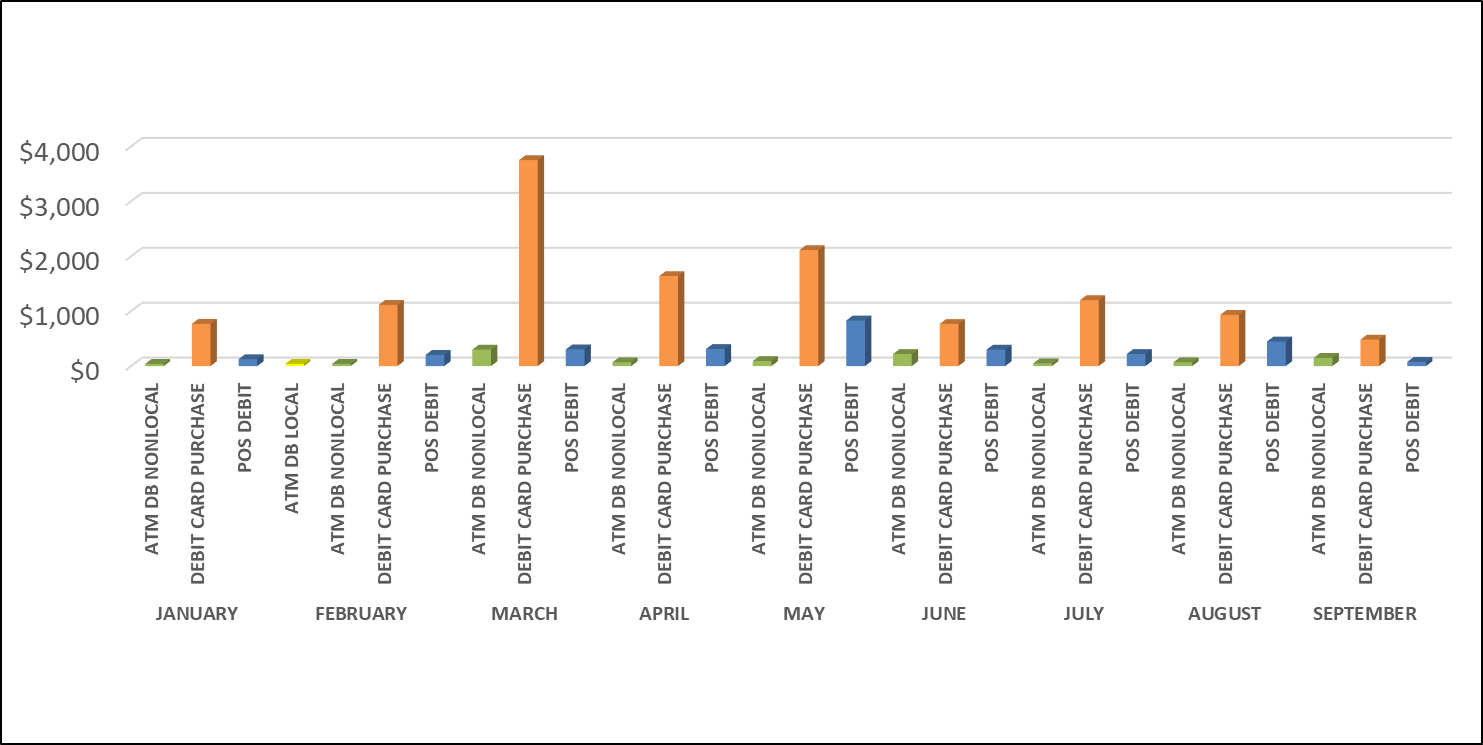


**5. Output**

What is the dollar amount per Payee?



Which month I spend the most and on what of Transaction?



How many times of month do I transfer funds from my other accounts and how much $$$?



Where can I look for cost savings or avoidance?

FOOD (LUNCH/DINNER/SNACK) 3316.42

GASOLINE 1883.15

MISC PURCHASE 1761.58

ATM 1008.35

Looking the highest 4 spending categories cost saving and avoidance can be done by change my spending habits. i.e. limit the amount of time the family eat out at a restaurant, bring lunch to work instead of buying, limit the miscellaneous purchase and ATM withdrawal.

**Reflection**

**Glossary of Acronyms**

**Char** Character

**Varchar** Variable Character

**Int** Integer

**U1** Unique Character

**Datetime** Date Time group

**FK** Foreign Key (An attribute or combination of attributes that uniquely identifies each row in a relation)

**PK**  Primary Key (An attribute in a relation that serves as the primary key of another relation in the same database***)***

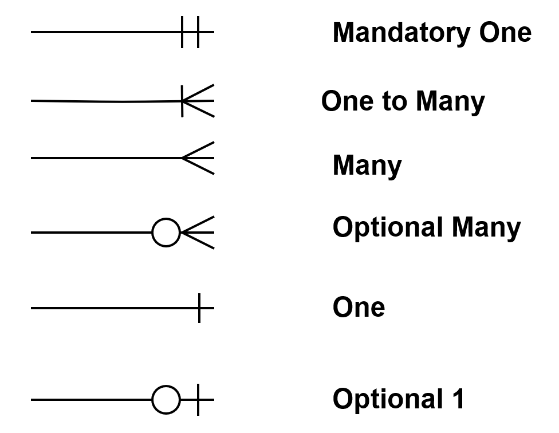
**Montery** Currency

**1:1** One-to-one

**1:M One-to-Many**

**M:N** **Many-to-Many**

**M:1** **Many-to-one**

****

**Glossary of Terms**

**Attributes** A property or characteristics of an entity or relationship type that is of interest to the organization or user

**Constraint** A rule that cannot be violate by the database users

**Composite key** A primary key that consist of more than one attribute

**Data Model** A graphical system is used to capture the nature and relationship among data

**Entity** A person, place, an object, an event or concept in the user environment about which the organization wishes to maintain data

**Entity type** A collection of entities that share common properties or characteristics

**Relationship**

**Entity Type**

**Relationship** A meaningful association between or among entity types

**One-to-one (1:1) -** Each record in Table A can have only one matching record in Table B, and each record in Table B can have only one matching record in Table A. A one-to-one relationship is created if both related fields are primary keys or have unique indexes.

**One-to-many (1:M) -** Is the most common type of relationship and it is used to relate one record in a table with many records in another table. This kind of relationship is created if only one of the related fields is a primary key or has a unique index.

**Many-to-one (M:1)** - Is used to relate many records in a table with only one (single) record in another table. It is often called the lookup table relationship. Normally, this kind of relationship is not based on a primary key field in either table

**Many-to-many (M:M) -** Is used to relate many records in a table with many records in another table. A record (parent) in Table A can have many matching records (children) in Table B, and a record (child) in Table B can have many matching records (parents) in Table A. It is the hardest relationship to understand and it is not corrected

**Reference(s)**

Hoffer, J.A, Ramesh, V., & Topi, J. (2016). Modern database management (12th ed.). New York: Pearson

Watt, A. Chapter-13-database-development-process. Retrieved 24 October 2019. https://opentextbc.ca/dbdesign01/chapter/chapter-13-database-development-pocess